



# HELCOM BLUES – Activity 4

Task A 4.1 - continuous noise

17 January 2023

Aleksander Klauson







# **Activity Consortium**

#### **Activity Partners**

Abbreviation

Full name

HELCOM Helsinki Commission

TalTech Tallinn University of Technology

#### **Expert support**

Abbreviation Full name

EG Noise HELCOM Expert Group on

**Underwater Noise** 

#### **Activity sub-contractors**

Abbreviation Full name

ICES International Council for the Exploration of the Sea

EE

QO QuietOceans





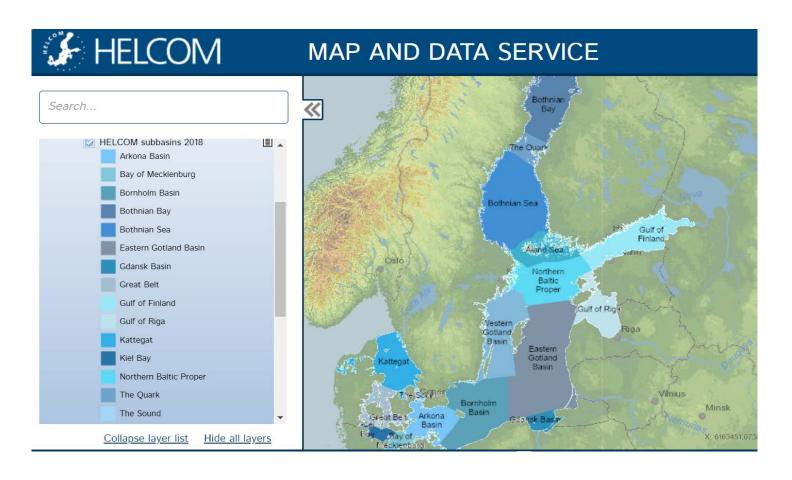
# Overview of Task A4.1 - continuous noise

Task	Deliverable
Subtask 4.1.1	Production of new soundscape maps
Subtask 4.1.2	Develop and execute assessment on noise sensitive species
Subtask 4.1.3	Improve calibration standards for monitoring of continuous noise

# Results 4.1.1 Production of new soundscape maps



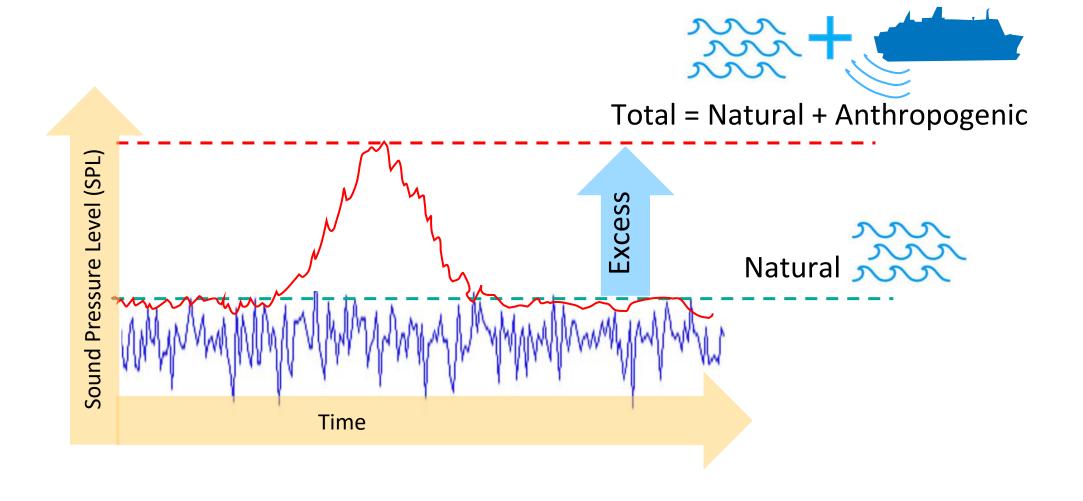
- Assessment by HELCOM subbasins;
- Modelling year 2018.





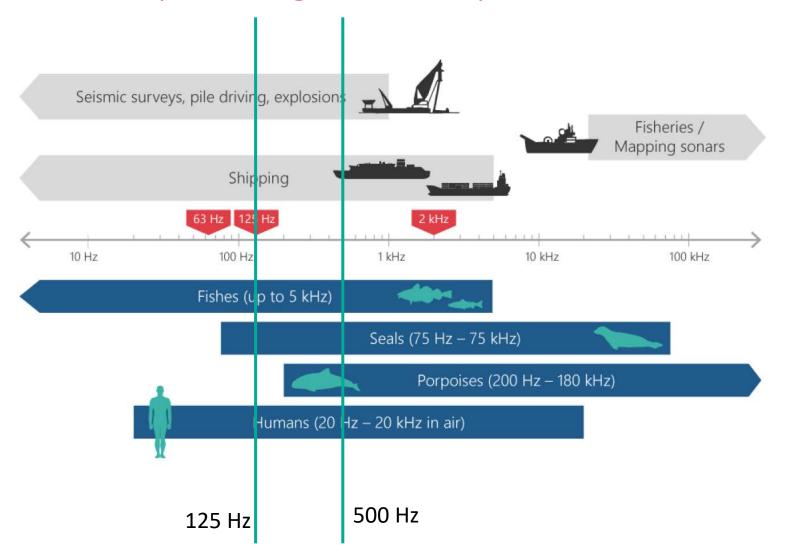


# Soundscape map metrics





# Auditory range of some marine species present in the Baltic Sea and sound frequencies generated by human activities





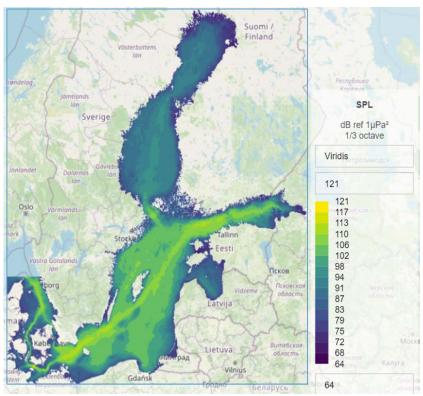
# New soundscape maps

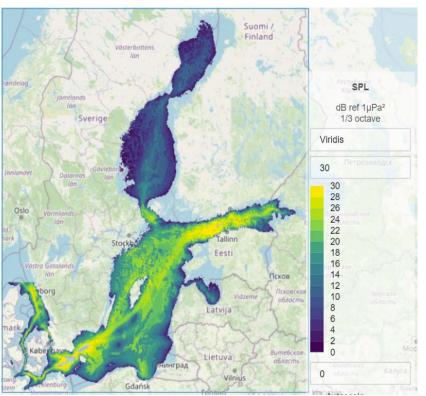




#### Decidecade 125 Hz, March 2018







Median SPL



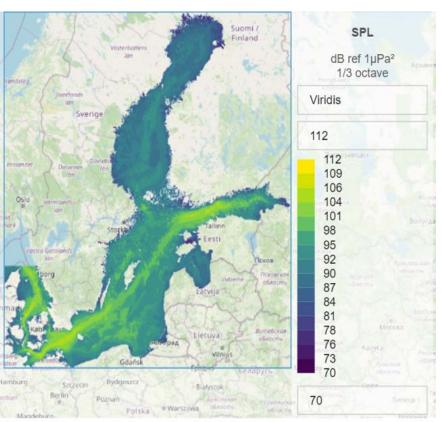


# New soundscape maps





#### Decidecade 500 Hz, March 2018



SPL Finland dB ref 1µPa<sup>2</sup> 1/3 octave Viridis 30 26 24 22 18

Median SPL

Median excess level (dominance)





# Results 4.1.2 Develop and execute assessment on noise sensitive species

## Indicator species for the Baltic Sea



Baltic herring



Grey seal

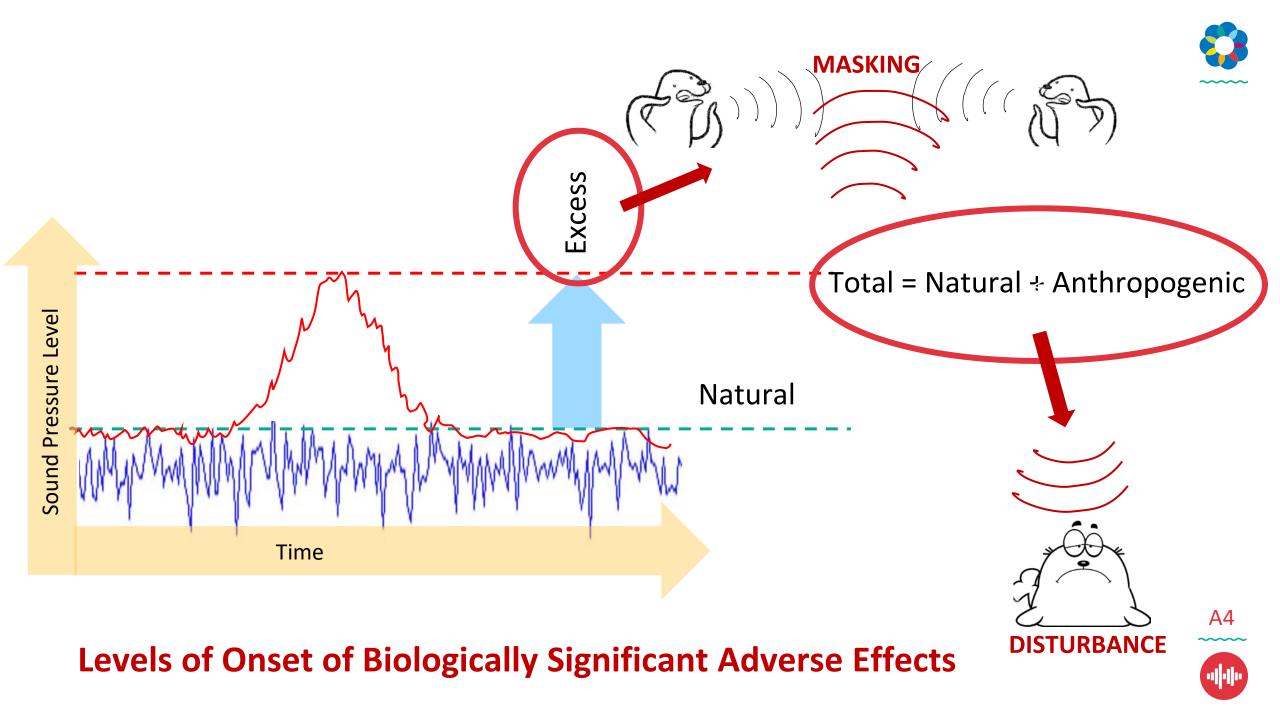


Cod



Harbour porpoise







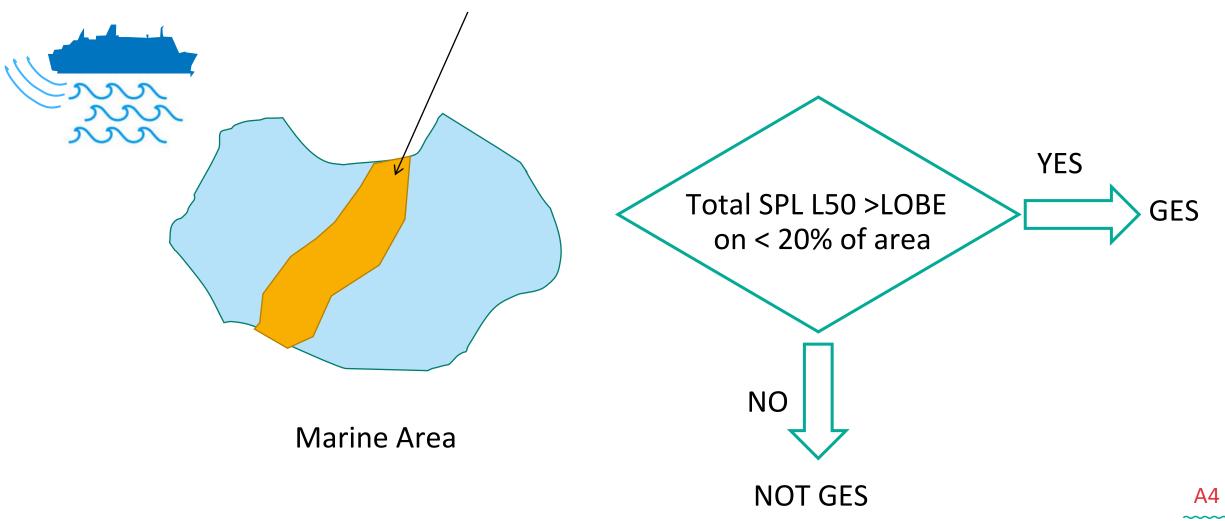
## Levels of Onset of Biologically Significant Adverse Effects (LOBE)

	Decidecade	Disturbance level	Masking	References and comments	
Marine species	Hz		dB re 1μPa		
		SPL	dominance		
Seals	500	110	20	[Kastelein et al., 2006]	
Porpoise	500	109		EN Noise advise	
Fish (Herring)	125	110	20 (disturbance)	[Olsen, 1971] [Kastelein et al. 2008]	

## **GES CRITERIUM 1 (DISTURBANCE)**



Median Total SPL = Natural + Anthropogenic > LOBE

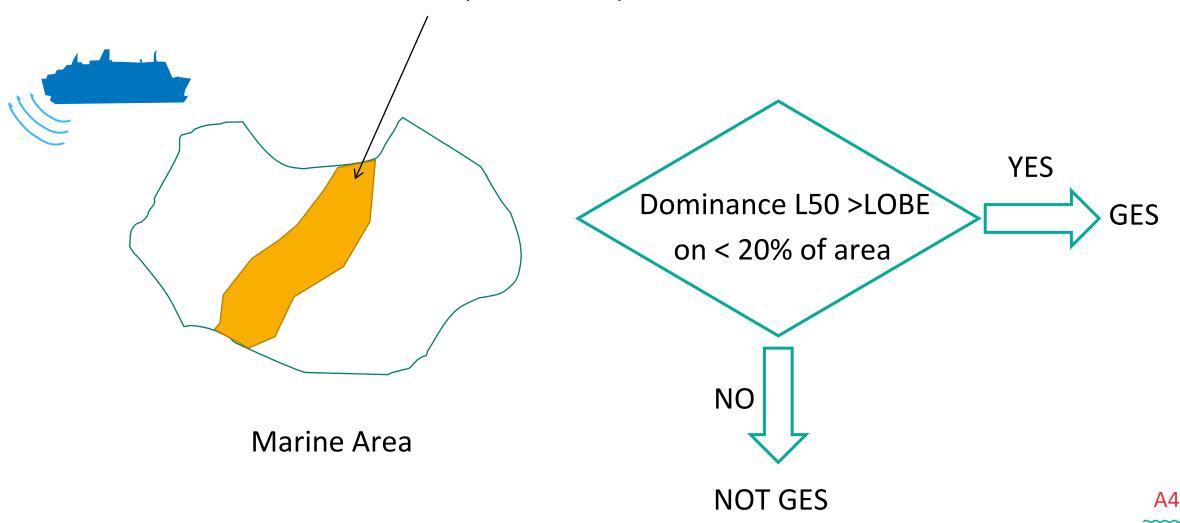




## **GES CRITERIUM 2 (MASKING)**



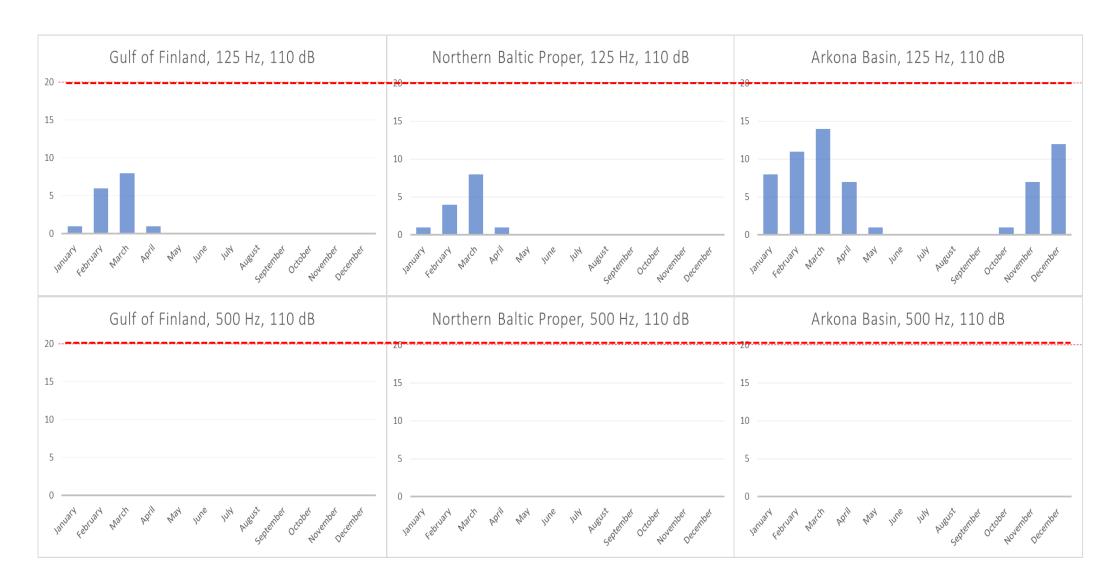
Median Excess Level (dominance) > LOBE





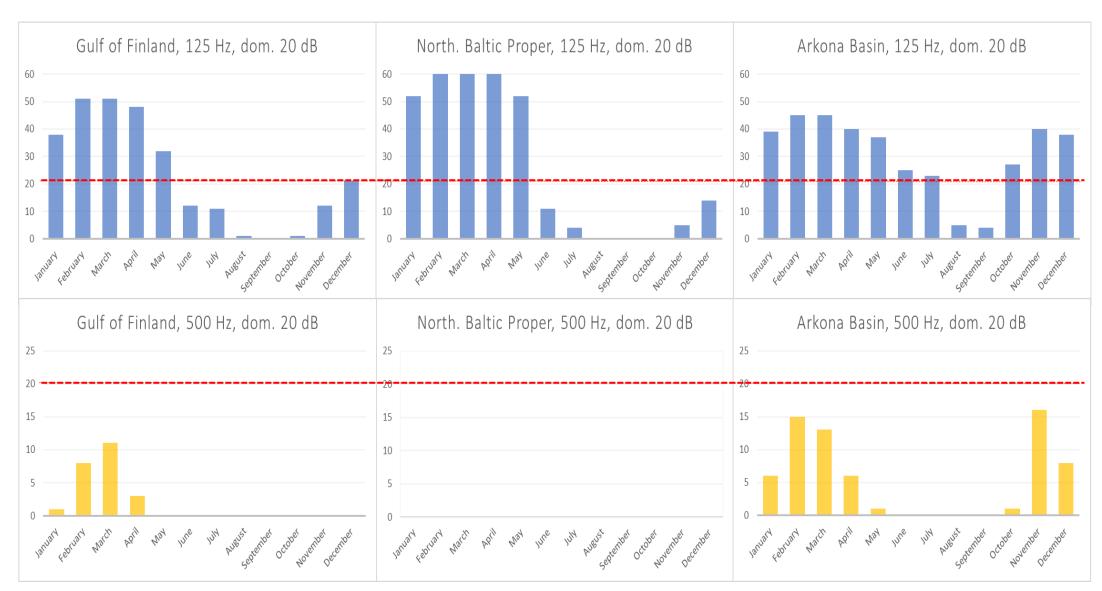
### Assessment results, LOBE = disturbance level 110 dB





#### Assessment results, LOBE = dominance 20 dB

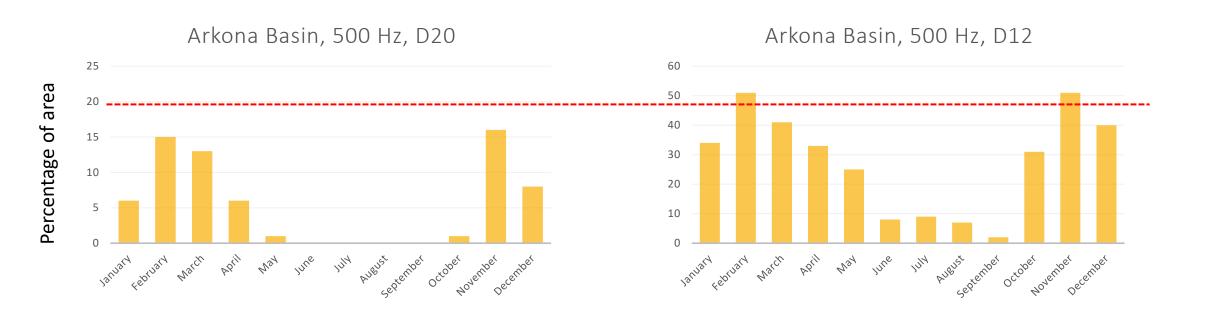








### High risk of masking vs moderate risk of masking





#### Assessment of the continuous noise indicator

		125 Hz		500 Hz	
	Subbasins	Fish*		Marine mammals*	
#		110 dB	d 20 dB	110 dB	d 20 dB
1	Gulf of Finland				
2	Gulf of Riga				
3	Northern Baltic Proper				
4	Aland Sea				
5	Bothnian Sea				
6	The Quark				
7	Bothnian Bay				
8	Western Gotland Basin				
9	Eastern Gotland Basin				
10	Gdansk Basin				
11	Bornholm Basin				
12	Arkona Basin				
13	The Sound				
14	Bay of Meklenburg				
15	Kiel Bay				
16	Great Belt				
17	Kattegat				

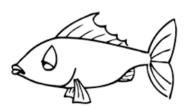
\*Fish: Baltic herring and cod

Marine mammals: all seals and harbor porpoise



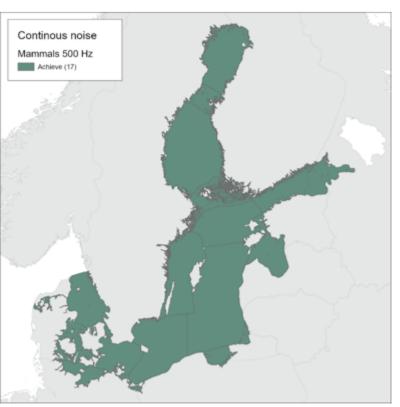
#### Assessment of the continuous noise indicator











Key message figure 1. Continuous noise assessment. Fish (Baltic herring and cod) on the left side; marine mammals (all seals and harbour porpoise) on the right side. Green indicates that the indicator is below the 20% spatial threshold for all months in 2018, red indicates that the indicator was above the 20% spatial threshold in at least one month of 2018. The assessment has been carried out using Scale 2 HELCOM assessment unites (defined in the HELCOM Monitoring and 24 Assessment strategy, 2013, Attachment 4). To access interactive maps at the HELCOM Map and Data Service: Continuous noise [Web link].









Task	Deliverable	Results
Subtask 4.1.1	Production of new soundscape maps	New soundscape maps can be found on the ICES website
Subtask 4.1.2	Develop and execute assessment on noise sensitive species	Assessment was done
Subtask 4.1.3	Improve calibration standards for monitoring of continuous noise	Online workshop was held

# Key messages



#### Key message for science

- We need to know more about the effects of continuous noise on marine species
- 2) Better GES criteria should be elaborated based on improved knowledge on the effects of continuous noise

#### Key message for policy makers

- 1) Low-frequency ship traffic noise can have adverse effects on fish
- 2) Care should be taken to avoid disturbance on known spawning grounds



# Use of results so far and in future

#### **HELCOM**

updated pre-core indicator reports and dedicated section on underwater noise as part of the pollution thematic assessment in HOLAS3

#### **BSAP**

contribution to action S62, S63 as well as the RAP Noise

#### **MSFD**

reporting on D11C2; art. 8; support for monitoring

#### EU

cooperation with TG Noise.





# Thank you!!



This work was possible due to support from

**HELCOM Expert Group on Underwater Noise** HLCOMEG Noise



